

Vibrational Spectrum and Thermal Behaviour of $(\text{NH}_4)_{17}\text{Na}[\text{NaW}_{21}\text{Sb}_9\text{O}_{86}]\cdot 28\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (HP-23); a Promising Drug in AIDS Therapy

Enrique J. BARAN¹ and Domenico DE MARCO²

¹ *Química Inorgánica (QUINOR), Facultad de Ciencias Exactas,
Universidad Nacional de La Plata, Casilla de Correo 962, 1900 La Plata, Argentina*

² *Istituto di Chimica Analitica, Università degli Studi di Messina,
P.O. Box 30, I-98166 S. Agata di Messina, Italy*

SUMMARY. Infrared and Raman spectra of the title compound were recorded and an approximate vibrational assignment is proposed. Its thermal behaviour was investigated by means of TG and DSC measurements in N_2 and O_2 atmospheres, and complemented with studies carried out in ovens and crucible furnaces, in air. The results show that the drug presents a very low thermal stability.

RESUMEN. "Espectro Vibracional y Comportamiento Térmico de $(\text{NH}_4)_{17}\text{Na}[\text{NaW}_{21}\text{Sb}_9\text{O}_{86}]\cdot 28\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (HP-23), una Droga Promisoria en la Terapia del SIDA". Se registraron los espectros infrarrojo y Raman del compuesto del título y se propone una asignación vibracional aproximada para el mismo. Su comportamiento térmico fue investigado mediante mediciones termogravimétricas y de calorimetría diferencial de barrido, en atmósferas de N_2 y O_2 , y complementadas con estudios realizados en estufas y muflas, al aire. Los resultados muestran que la droga posee muy baja estabilidad térmica.

In recent years it has been recognized that certain polyoxometalates present high biological and pharmacological activity¹.

One of the most interesting compounds of this type is, undoubtedly, $(\text{NH}_4)_{17}\text{Na}[\text{NaW}_{21}\text{Sb}_9\text{O}_{86}]\cdot 28\text{H}_2\text{O}$, commonly known as HP-23. It inhibited mouse leukemia-sarcoma *in vitro*, and reduced the development of disease caused by Friend leukemia or Moloney murine sarcoma virus². Most recently, it has been shown that the reverse transcriptase activity of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), a causative agent of AIDS, is completely inhibited by HP-23 at a concentration of 60 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ ^{3,4}.

In order to advance in the characterization of this interesting drug we have now investigated its vibrational spectrum as well as its thermal stability and degradation.

KEY WORDS: HP-23; AIDS; Vibrational Spectrum; Thermal Behaviour

PALABRAS CLAVE: HP-23; SIDA; Espectro Vibracional; Comportamiento térmico