



Rapid Determination of Hydrochlorothiazide in Human Plasma by High Performance Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry

Carlos E.M. SOUSA, Danilo C.G. BEDOR *, Talita M. GONÇALVES, Virna L.S. RAMOS,
Andre L.M. CARVALHO, Miracy M. ALBUQUERQUE & Davi P. SANTANA

*Núcleo de Desenvolvimento Farmacêutico e Cosmético, Rua Professor Arthur de Sá s/n,
Cidade Universitária, CEP 50740-520, Recife, Pernambuco, Brasil.*

SUMMARY. This paper describes a rapid (2.0 min) and sensitive (LLOQ 5 ng/mL) analytical method for the quantitation of hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) in human plasma. The method is based on High-performance Liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) using clortalidone as internal standard (I.S.). Sample preparation involved liquid-liquid extraction with methyl tert-butyl ether. The chromatographic separation was achieved on a monolithic C18 (50 x 4,6 mm) reversed-phase column and a mobile phase containing acetonitrile/water (80:20 v/v, add 5% isopropyl alcohol), in isocratic conditions. The target analytes were transferred into a triple quadrupole mass spectrometer equipped with an electrospray ionization source for mass detection. The ion transitions selected for MRM detection were: m/z 296.10 > 204.85 and 337.13 > 189.77 for HCTZ and I.S., respectively. The assay was linear in the concentration range of 5–400 ng/mL. The mean recovery for HCTZ was 80.46%. Intra- and inter-day precision (Relative Standard Deviation) were < 10.3 % and < 11.7 %, respectively and the accuracy (Relative Error) was in the range \pm 4.54 %, the accuracy was evaluated by the ratio between concentration found/nominal concentration. The method was successfully applied to a single oral dose pharmacokinetics study in 26 healthy human volunteers.

KEY WORDS: Hydrochlorothiazide, LC-MS/MS, Pharmacokinetics.

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed. *E-mail:* danilo.bedor@nudfac.com.br