



Efficient Extraction and Rapid Quantitative Determination of Nucleoside Compounds from *Cordyceps jiangxiensis*, a new *Cordyceps* Producing-Cordycepin

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SUMMARY. *Cordyceps*, a well-known and valuable traditional Chinese medicine, has received increasing attention worldwide due to its outstanding curative effects for different diseases. Nucleosides are the main active compounds of *Cordyceps*, and are usually used the chemical marker for the quality control of *Cordyceps* and its bioproduct. In this study, an optimal condition for extracting nucleosides in *Cordyceps jiangxiensis* was achieved by an orthogonal design as follows: 15 % methanol-water extraction solvent, 10 min extraction time, 20:1 solvent to sample ratio, and 1 extraction frequency. Also, a simple, rapid, and reliable method by HPLC-DAD was successfully used to simultaneously and qualitatively identify seven nucleosides compounds in *C. jiangxiensis*. Determination was achieved on a Shimadzu VP-ODS column (4.6 x 250 mm i.d. 5 μ m) using a gradient elution with a methanol/water mobile phase. All calibration curves showed good linearity ($R^2 > 0.99$) within the test ranges. The overall relative standard deviations for intra- and inter-day of seven analytes were less than 4.2 %. Under the developed method, the findings indicated that uridine was the most abundant nucleoside, adenosine was inferior to uridine, and cordycepin with antitumor activity was also detected in *C. jiangxiensis*. The method developed might be applied as an alternative approach in assessing the quality of other *Cordyceps* species.

KEY WORDS: Cordycepin, *Cordyceps jiangxiensis*, Nucleosides, Extraction, Quantitative detection, HPLC-DAD.

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