



New 4-Arylpolyhydroquinoline Derivatives: Inhibiting Growth of Oral Tumor Cells

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SUMMARY. Four novel 4-arylpolyhydroquinoline derivatives (**1-4**) were synthesized via a one-pot three-component reaction by condensing aromatic aldehydes, 3,5-cyclohexanedione and 3-amino-2-butenocacimethylester in the presence of 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP) as a highly efficient homogenous catalyst. The structures of the synthesized compounds have been deduced from IR, ¹H NMR, HRMS, and single crystal X-ray crystallography. The experimental results of antitumor activity showed that compared with compounds **1-3**, compound **4** with two strong electron-withdrawing groups in the phenyl ring exhibited better antitumor activity.

RESUMEN. Se sintetizaron cuatro nuevos derivados de 4-aril-polihidroquinolina (**1-4**) mediante una reacción de tres componentes en un solo recipiente por condensación de aldehídos aromáticos, 3,5-ciclohexanodiona y éster de ácido 3-amino-2-butenico en presencia de 4-(dimetilamino) piridina (DMAP) como un catalizador homogéneo altamente eficiente. Las estructuras de los compuestos sintetizados se han deducido de IR, RMN de ¹H, HRMS y cristalografía de cristal único. Los resultados experimentales de la actividad antitumoral mostraron que, comparado con los compuestos **1-3**, el compuesto **4** con dos grupos electrógenos fuertes en el anillo de fenilo presentaba una mejor actividad antitumoral.

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