



Diabetes Treatment Herbs Showed Influence towards the Activity of Drug-Metabolizing Enzymes (DMEs)

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SUMMARY. Hypericin is a herbal component exert its potential therapeutic role towards diabetes. This study aims to investigate the inhibition of hypericin on the activity of important phase II drug-metabolizing enzymes (DMEs) UDP-glucuronosyltransferases (UGTs). *In vitro* incubation mixture of recombinant UGTs-catalyzed glucuronidation of 4-MU was used to determine the inhibition of hypericin on various isoforms of UGTs. Hypericin 100 μ M significantly inhibited the activity of UGT1A1 ($p < 0.05$). In the contrast, the activity of UGT1A3, -1A6, and -1A9 was negligibly inhibited by 100 μ M of hypericin. In conclusion, potential drug-drug interaction might occur between hypericin and drugs mainly undergoing UGT1A1-catalyzed metabolism.

RESUMEN. La hipericina es un componente herbario con potencial función terapéutica para la diabetes. Este estudio tiene como objetivo investigar la inhibición de la hipericina sobre la actividad de i UDP-glucuronosiltransferasas (UGT), importantes enzimas metabolizadoras de fármacos (DME) de la fase II. La mezcla de incubación *in vitro* de glucuronidación de 4-MU catalizada por UGT recombinante se usó para determinar la inhibición de la hipericina sobre diversas isoformas de UGT. La hipericina 100 μ M inhibió significativamente la actividad de UGT1A1 ($p < 0,05$). Por el contrario, la actividad de UGT1A3, -1A6 y -1A9 se inhibió de forma insignificante por 100 μ M de hipericina. En conclusión, la posible interacción fármaco-fármaco podría ocurrir entre la hipericina y los fármacos que se someten principalmente al metabolismo catalizado por UGT1A1.

KEY WORDS: diabetes, drug-drug interaction, hypericin, UDP-glucuronosyltransferase (UGT) 1A1.

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